

a) 1%

## Progressive Education Society's Modern College of Arts, Science & Commerce Ganeshkhind, Pune – 16 End Semester Examination: October 2024 Faculty: Science and Technology

| Class: T.Y<br>Name of t                 | (Specific): Chemistry Y.B.Sc the Course: Analytical Chemistry-I ode: 24-CH-502   | emester: I               | SET: A Course Type: Max.Marks: 35 Time: 2Hr |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| Instructio                              | ons to the candidate:  |                          |   |
| <ul><li>2) All</li><li>3) Fig</li></ul> | ere are 4 sections in the question paper. V<br>I Sections are compulsory.<br>gures to the right indicate full marks.<br>aw a well labeled diagram wherever neces |                          | eparate page.                               |
|   | SECTI  | ON: A                    |   |
| Q1) Multi                               | iple choice question   |                          | 5   |
| 1. In                                   | order to have precipitation, the solution a) saturated b) unsaturated c) sup   |                          |   |
| 2. In in                                | organic qualitative analysis, cations are  | e divided into           | groups.                                     |
| a) 6                                    | b) 5 c) 7 d) 4   |                          |   |
| 3. Upw                                  | vard peak in a DTA curve indicates   |                          |   |
| a) exc                                  | otherms b) endotherms c) thermal stabi   | lity d) water of crystal | lization                                    |
| 4                                       | is the standard agency for   | water testing parameter  | ers.  |
| a) NI                                   | ST b) WHO c) EPA d) APHA   |                          |   |
| 5. A sam                                | nple exhibited has an absorbance of 1.0  | in UV-Visible spectro    | scopy. The percentage                       |
| transn                                  | mittance will be   |                          |   |

b) 10% c) 0.01 % d) 0.1 %

| Q2) V  | ery short answer questions (Attempt any 4/6)  | 4 |
|--------|---|---|
| 1.     | Absorbance  |   |
| 2.     | Gravimetric analysis  |   |
| 3.     | Buffer solution   |   |
| 4.     | Thermal methods of analysis   |   |
| 5.     | Accuracy  |   |
| 6.     | Lambert's Law   |   |
|        | SECTION: B  |   |
| Q3) S  | hort answer questions (Attempt any 4/6)   | 8 |
| 1. Wh  | at is the molar extinction coefficient? Give the equation.  |   |
| 2. Wh  | at do you mean by a calibration curve?  |   |
| 3. Dr  | aw a typical DTA curve.   |   |
| 4. Wh  | at is a group reagent? Give one example.  |   |
| 5. Wh  | at is the effect of a common ion on its solubility?   |   |
| 6. Enl | ist the detectors used in UV-Visible spectrophotometer.   |   |
|        | SECTION: C  |   |
| Q4) S  | hort answer questions (Attempt any 4/6)   | 8 |
| 1.     | Write the difference between single beam and double beam spectrophotometer.   |   |
| 2.     | Give any four criteria for choosing an analytical method.   |   |
| 3.     | Give the information which can be obtained from a TG curve.   |   |
| 4.     | What is a silver mirror test?   |   |
| 5.     | What is the effect of temperature on the solubility of precipitate?.  |   |
| 6.     | Calculate the molar absorptivity of $1.8 \times 10^{-5}$ M solution having $0.35$ absorbance when placed in a cell of $1.5$ cm path length. |   |

## **SECTION: D**

## Q5) Solve the following (Any two)

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- 1. The light absorbed by a  $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$  M solution of a substance was found to be 25% at  $\lambda$ max, when placed in a cell of unit pathlength. Find absorbance, molar absorptivity and transmittance of the solution.
- 2. A thermogram of a Mg compound shows a mass loss of 91.0 mg from a total of 175.0 mg used for the analysis. Identify the compound as either MgO, MgCO<sub>3</sub> or MgC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.
- 3. Following weights were obtained by a person on repeating the same experiment four times i.e. 29.8 mg, 30.2 mg, 28.6 mg and 29.7 mg. Calculate the mean deviation, standard deviation and relative mean deviation in the results.